Q is selected from the group consisting of

G is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, substituted aryl,

heterocyclo,

$$R_{11}$$
 $R_{12}$ 
 $R_{11}$ 
 $R_{12}$ 
 $R_{11}$ 
 $R_{12}$ 
 $R_{11}$ 
 $R_{12}$ 
 $R_{12}$ 
 $R_{13}$ 
 $R_{13}$ 
 $R_{14}$ 
 $R_{14}$ 

W is O or N R<sub>15</sub>;

X is O or H, H;

Y is selected from the group consisting of O; H, OR<sub>16</sub>; OR<sub>17</sub>, OR<sub>17</sub>; NOR<sub>18</sub>; H, NOR<sub>19</sub>; H, NR<sub>20</sub>R<sub>21</sub>; H, H; and CHR<sub>22</sub>; wherein OR<sub>17</sub>, OR<sub>17</sub> can be a cyclic ketal;

 $Z_1$  and  $Z_2$  are independently selected from the group consisting of  $CH_2$ , O,  $NR_{23}$ , S, and  $SO_2$ , wherein only one of  $Z_1$  and  $Z_2$  can be heteroatom;

 $B_1$  and  $B_2$  are independently selected from the group consisting of  $OR_{24}$ ,  $OCOR_{25}$ , and  $O-C(=O)-NR_{26}R_{27}$ , and when  $B_1$  is H and Y is OH, H, they can form a six-membered ring ketal or acetal;

D is selected from the group consisting of NR<sub>28</sub>R<sub>29</sub>, NR<sub>30</sub>COR<sub>31</sub> and saturated heterocycle;

 $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$ ,  $R_5$ ,  $R_7$ ,  $R_{13}$ ,  $R_{14}$ ,  $R_{18}$ ,  $R_{19}$ ,  $R_{20}$ ,  $R_{21}$ ,  $R_{22}$ ,  $R_{26}$  and  $R_{27}$  are selected from the group consisting of H, alkyl, substituted alkyl, and aryl, and when  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  are alkyl can be joined to form a cycloalkyl, and when  $R_3$  and  $R_4$  are alkyl can be joined to form a cycloalkyl;

R<sub>6</sub> is methyl;

 $R_9$ ,  $R_{10}$ ,  $R_{16}$ ,  $R_{17}$ ,  $R_{24}$ ,  $R_{25}$  and  $R_{31}$  are selected from the group consisting of H, alkyl, and substituted alkyl;

 $R_{11}$ ,  $R_{12}$ ,  $R_{28}$ ,  $R_{30}$ ,  $R_{32}$ , and  $R_{33}$  are selected from the group consisting of H, alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl and heterocyclo;

R<sub>8</sub> is hydrogen or methyl;

5 Jy

 $R_{15}$ ,  $R_{23}$  and  $R_{29}$  are selected from the group consisting of H, alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted arxl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclo,  $R_{32}$ C=O,  $R_{33}$ SO<sub>2</sub>, hydroxy, O-alkyl or O-substituted alkyl; and

the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof and any hydrates, solvates or geometric, optical and steroisomers thereof;

with the proviso that compounds wherein

W and X are both O; and

R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>7</sub> are H; and

 $R_3$ ,  $R_4$  and  $R_6$  are methyl; and

R<sub>8</sub> is H or methyl; and

 $Z_1$  and  $Z_2$  are  $CH_2$ ; and

G is 1-methyl-2-(substituted-4-thiazol)()ethenyl; and

Q is as defined above

are excluded.

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4. (Twice amended) A method of treating cancer in a patient in need of said treatment which comprises administering to said patient a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 1.

- 5. (Twice amended) A method of treating hyperproliferative cellular disease in a patient in need of said treatment which comprises administering to said patient a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim
- 6. (Twice amended) A method of treating a disease associated with angiogenesis in a patient in need of said treatment which comprises administering to said patient a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 1.

## Please add the following new claims:

7. (New) The method of claim 4, wherein the cancer is carcinoma of the breast, ovary, or colon.

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8. (New) A method of treating cancer in a patient in need of said treatment which comprises administering to said patient a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 2.

- 9. (New) A method of treating hyperproliferative cellular disease in a patient in need of said treatment which comprises administering to said patient a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 2.
- 10. (New) A method of treating a disease associated with angiogenesis in a patient in need of said treatment which comprises administering to said patient a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 2.

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- 11. (New) A method of treating cancer in a patient in need of said treatment which comprises administering to said patient a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 3.
- 12. (New) A method of treating hyperproliferative cellular disease in a patient in need of said treatment which comprises administering to said patient a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 3.
- 13. (New) A method of treating a disease associated with angiogenesis in a patient in need of said treatment which comprises administering to said patient a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 3.

طاں کے ہا0 14. (New) The compound of claim 1 having the formula: